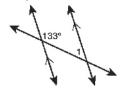
LESSON

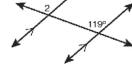
Transversals and Parallel Lines

Practice and Problem Solving: A/B

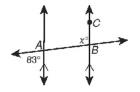
Find each angle measure.



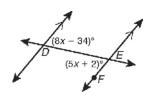
1. m∠1 _



2. m∠2 _



m∠*ABC*



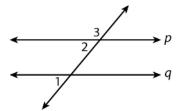
4. m∠*DEF*

Complete the two-column proof to show that same-side exterior angles are supplementary.

5. **Given:** *p* || *q*

Prove: $m \angle 1 + m \angle 3 = 180^{\circ}$

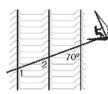
Proof:



Statements	Reasons
1. p q	1. Given
2. a	2. Lin. Pair Thm.
3. ∠1 ≅ ∠2	3. b
4. c	4. Def. of ≅ ∠s
5. d	5. e

6. Ocean waves move in parallel lines toward the shore. The figure shows Sandy Beaches windsurfing across several waves. For this problem, think of Sandy's wake as a line. $m\angle 1 = (2x + 10)^{\circ}$ and $m\angle 2 = (4y - 30)^{\circ}$. Find x and y.





MODULE 4 Lines and Angles

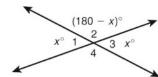
LESSON 4-1

Practice and Problem Solving: A/B

- 1. 180°
- 2. QR
- 3. 130°
- 4. 40°
- 5.35
- 6.100
- 7. 50°
- 8. 130°
- 9. $m\angle DEF = 29^{\circ}$; $m\angle FEG = 61^{\circ}$
- 10. $m\angle DEF = 91^{\circ}$: $m\angle FEG = 89^{\circ}$
- 11. Possible answers: $\angle 1$ and $\angle 3$ or $\angle 2$ and $\angle 4$
- 12. Possible answers: $\angle 1$ and $\angle 2$; $\angle 2$ and $\angle 3$; $\angle 3$ and $\angle 4$; or $\angle 1$ and $\angle 4$
- 13. right
- 14. 45°; 45°

Practice and Problem Solving: C

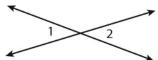
1-3. Possible answer:



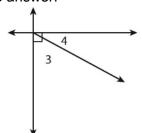
- 4. The measures of the vertical angles are equal.
- 5. a. ∠1≅ ∠2
 - b. $m \angle 1 = m \angle 2$
 - c. $\angle 2$ and $\angle 4$ are compl.
 - d. Given
 - e. $m \angle 2 + m \angle 4 = 90^{\circ}$
 - f. Defn. Comp. ∠s
 - g. $m \angle 1 + m \angle 3 = m \angle 2 + m \angle 4$

Practice and Problem Solving: Modified

- 1. complementary angles
- 2. vertical angles
- 3. supplementary angles; linear pair
- 4. right angle
- 5. 90°
- 6. 20°
- 7. 40°; 140°
- 8. 120°
- 9.30°
- 10. Possible answer:



11. Possible answer:



Reading Strategies

- 1. complementary
- 2. vertical
- 3. supplementary
- 4. linear, adjacent, or supplementary
- 5. adjacent
- 6. complementary

Success for English Learners

- 1. complementary
- 2. 103.7°

LESSON 4-2

Practice and Problem Solving: A/B

- 1.47°
- 2. 119°
- 3. 97°

- 4. 62°
- 5. a. $m \angle 2 + m \angle 3 = 180^{\circ}$
 - b. Corr. ∠s Thm.
 - c. $m \angle 1 = m \angle 2$
 - d. $m \angle 1 + m \angle 3 = 180^{\circ}$
 - e. Subst.
- 6. x = 50; y = 25

Practice and Problem Solving: C

- 1. Possible answer: $m\angle 1 + m\angle 2 = 180^{\circ}$ and $m\angle 3 + m\angle 4 = 180^{\circ}$ by the Same-Side Int. \angle s Thm. Thus, the total of the angle measures is 360° .
- 2. 360°
- 3. 360°; Possible answer:

Statements	Reasons
1. Draw \overline{BE} parallel to \overline{AD} .	1. Construction
2. m∠1+ m∠ABE = 180°, m∠4 + m∠DEB = 180°	2. Same-Side Int. ∠s Thm.
3. m∠1+ m∠4 + m∠ <i>ABE</i> + m∠ <i>DEB</i> = 360°	3. Add Prop. of =
4. m∠3 + m∠ <i>CEB</i> + m∠ <i>CBE</i> = 180°	4. Given
5. m∠ <i>DEB</i> + m∠ <i>CEB</i> = 180°	5. Lin. Pair Thm.
6. m∠3 + m∠CEB + m∠CBE = m∠DEB + m∠CEB	6. Subst. (Steps 4,5)
7. m∠3 + m∠ <i>CBE</i> = m∠ <i>DEB</i>	7. Subtr. Prop. of =
8. m∠1+ m∠3 + m∠4 + m∠ABE + m∠CBE = 360°	8. Subst. (Steps 3,7)
9. m∠2 = m∠ <i>ABE</i> + m∠ <i>CBE</i>	9. Angle Add. Post.
10. m∠1+ m∠2 + m∠3 + m∠4 = 360°	10. Subst. (Steps 8, 9)

Practice and Problem Solving: Modified

- 1. 140°
- 2. 70°
- 3.75
- 4. 150
- 5. congruent
- 6. equal
- 7. parallel; transversal
- 8. supplementary
- 9. congruent
- 10. \angle 3 and \angle 5; \angle 4 and \angle 6
- 11. \angle 1 and \angle 7: \angle 2 and \angle 8
- 12. \angle 3 and \angle 6; \angle 4 and \angle 5

Reading Strategies

- 1. ∠1 ≅ ∠5
- $2.\ \angle 2\cong \angle 6$
- $3. \angle 3 \cong \angle 7$
- 4. ∠4 ≅ ∠8
- 5. ∠2 ≅ ∠8
- $6. \angle 3 \cong \angle 5$
- 7. ∠1≅ ∠7
- $8. \angle 4 \cong \angle 6$
- 9. $\angle 2 + \angle 5 = 180^{\circ}$
- 10. $\angle 3 + \angle 8 = 180^{\circ}$
- 11. $m\angle 6 = 47^{\circ}$ by the Corresponding Angles Postulate
- 12. $m\angle 3 = 133^{\circ}$ by the Same-Side Interior Angles Theorem

Success for English Learners

- 1. All the angle pairs will be either congruent angles or supplementary angles.
- Same-side interior angles, angles that form a linear pair, and exterior angles on the same side of the transversal are supplementary angles.

LESSON 4-3

Practice and Problem Solving: A/B

- 1. $m \parallel n$; Conv. of Alt Int. \angle s Thm.
- 2. $m \parallel n$; Conv. of Corr. \angle s Thm.